CUDIS MiCAR White Paper

CUDIS

In accordance with Title II of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 (MiCA)

Table of Contents

01. Date of Notification: 2025-08-01

Regulatory Disclosures

02. Statement in accordance with Article 6(3) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114:

This crypto-asset white paper has not been approved by any competent authority in any Member State of the European Union. The person seeking admission to trading of the crypto-asset is solely responsible for the content of this crypto-asset white paper.

03. Compliance statement in accordance with Article 6(6) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114

This crypto-asset white paper complies with Title II of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114 and, to the best of the knowledge of the management body of CUDIS, the information presented in the crypto-asset white paper is fair, clear and not misleading and the crypto-asset white paper makes no omission likely to affect its import.

04. Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (a), (b), (c):

The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper may lose its value in part or in full, may not always be transferable and may not be liquid.

05. Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), point (d):

The utility token referred to in this white paper may not be exchangeable against the good or service promised in the crypto-asset white paper, especially in the case of a failure or discontinuation of the crypto-asset project.

06. Statement in accordance with Article 6(5), points (e) and (f):

The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper is not covered by the investor compensation schemes under Directive 97/9/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council. The crypto-asset referred to in this white paper is not covered by the deposit guarantee schemes under Directive 2014/49/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.

Summary

07. Warning:

This summary should be read as an introduction to the crypto-asset white paper. The prospective holder should base any decision to purchase this crypto-asset on the content of the crypto-asset white paper as a whole and not on the summary alone. The offer to the public of this crypto-asset does not constitute an offer or solicitation to purchase financial instruments and any such offer or solicitation can be made only by means of a prospectus or other offer documents pursuant to the applicable national law. This crypto-asset white paper does not constitute a prospectus as referred to in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of the Council (36) or any other offer document pursuant to Union or national law.

08. Characteristics of the Crypto-Asset A brief, clear and non-technical description of the characteristics of the crypto asset including information about rights and obligations of the purchaser, procedure and conditions for the exercise of those rights, conditions, if any, under which these rights and obligations may be modified.

09. Utility Token Summary Information about the quality and quantity of goods or services to which the utility tokens give access and restrictions on the transferability.

10. Key Information About the Admission to Trading When applicable, a brief and nontechnical description of the admission to trading, including the name of the trading platform for which the admission is sought.

A. Information about the Person Seeking Admission to Trading

A.1 Name: BeatBit Inc.

A.2 Legal Form: MPUG

A.3 Registered address: Office of Sertus Incorporations (Cayman) Limited, Sertus Chambers, Governors Square, Suite # 5-204, 23 Lime Tree Bay Avenue, P.O. Box 2547, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, KY

A.4 Head office: N/A

A.5 Registration Date: 2024-04-07

A.6 Legal entity identifier: N/A

A.7 Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law: SI-408599

A.8 Contact telephone number: +6590151722

A.9 E-mail address: Edison@beatbit.io

A.10 Response Time (Days): 014

A.11 Parent Company: N/A

A.12 Members of the Management body:

Name	Business Function	Business Address
Edison Chen	CEO	N/A

A.13 Business Activity:
Beatbit Inc. is the management company of CUDIS, CUDIS is building the rewarding longevity protocol for everyone

What is CUDIS？
Aiming to extend the health-span to 140 years, CUDIS is building the first-ever Longevity protocol, designed to make longevity trackable, personalized, and rewarding. Through the integration of the CUDIS Ring, an AI-powered Longevity Hub, and a blockchain-driven Super App, users gain full ownership of their health data, real-time longevity insights, and economic incentives for optimizing their biological health. CUDIS is building a new longevity ecosystem with realistic and effective products, programs and services with partners around the world.

Beatbit Inc. is responsible for development, marketing, and operation of CUDIS hardware, software, and blockchain related product.
Parent Company Business Activity:N/A

A.14 Parent Company Business Activity: N/A

A.15 Newly Established: false

A.17 Financial condition since registration: The Company has raised a seed round of $5 mil in Sept 2024, also generating $6mil in product sale.

The current base burn rate is around $200-250k/month.

We estimate to grow the total sale number to around 50K - 75k units by the end of 2025, which represents around $15-22 mil in revenue. Also, software and data protocol revenue stream shall start to kick in towards the end of 2025, early 2026.

The majority of the current expenditure are towards branding building, marketing channel development and maintenance, as well as event sponsoring.

Here is the breakdown of our cashflow
https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1vmnmQ5BP6GDcMoxkGB3HWem6IEr4N2gHXAPZK5225Gs/edit?gid=0#gid=0

B. Information about the issuer, if different from the offeror or person seeking admission to trading

B.1 Issuer Information: false, the offeror and entity are the same, so this section is not applicable

B.2 Name: N/A

B.3 Legal Form: N/A

B.4 Registered address: N/A

B.5 Head office: N/A

B.6 Registration Date: N/A

B.7 Legal entity identifier: N/A

B.8 Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law: N/A

B.9 Parent Company: N/A

B.10 Members of the Management Body: N/A

B.11 Business Activity: N/A

B.12 Parent Company Business Activity: N/A

C. Information about the operator of the trading platform in cases where it draws up the crypto-asset white paper and information about other persons drawing the crypto-asset white paper pursuant to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114

C.1 Name: N/A, This section is not applicable, as neither the operator of a trading platform nor any other person, apart from the issuer, has drawn up or contributed to the preparation of the crypto-asset white paper.

C.2 Legal Form: N/A

C.3 Registered address: N/A

C.4 Head office: N/A

C.5 Registration Date: N/A

C.6 Legal entity identifier of the operator of the trading platform: N/A

C.7 Another identifier required pursuant to applicable national law: N/A

C.8 Parent Company: N/A

C.9 Reason for Crypto-Asset White Paper Preparation: N/A

C.10 Members of the Management body: N/A

C.11 Operator Business Activity: N/A

C.12 Parent Company Business Activity: N/A

C.13 Other persons drawing up the crypto- asset white paper according to Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114: N/A

C.14 Reason for drawing the white paper by persons referred to in Article 6(1), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2023/1114: N/A

D. Information about the Crypto-Asset Project

D.1 Crypto-asset project name: CUDIS

D.2 Crypto-assets name: CUDIS

D.3 Abbreviation: CUDIS

D.4 Crypto-asset project description: CUDIS - A Rewarding Longevity Protocol for Everyone
CUDIS - A Rewarding Longevity Protocol for Everyone

What is CUDIS？
Aiming to extend the health-span to 140 years, CUDIS is building the first-ever Longevity protocol, designed to make longevity trackable, personalized, and rewarding. Through the integration of the CUDIS Ring, an AI-powered Longevity Hub, and a blockchain-driven Super App, users gain full ownership of their health data, real-time longevity insights, and economic incentives for optimizing their biological health. CUDIS is building a new longevity ecosystem with realistic and effective products, programs and services with partners around the world.

Founding Team and Fundraising Info
The founding team members come from top universities such as UCLA and UCB, and have worked for Google, Samsung, Microsoft, Binance, NextHealth, Nike, and Equinox before. They are serial entrepreneurs who have been in the crypto world since 2016 with successful exits.

Funding Information
CUDIS got grant from the SOLANA FOUNDATION and raised a seed round of $5mil in Sept 2024, led by the famous tech investing firm Draper Associate (early backer of SpaceX, Tesla, and more). Other investors include Skybridge Capital, Borderless Capital, MorningStar Ventures, NGC, Foresight Venture, SNZ, etc.

Key Metrics
Rings sold and delivered - 20k+ with $6M Revenue
App users - 200k+ from 103 countries
Industry Partners: Solana, UCLA, Roger Dubuis, Lamborghini, Klarity Telehealth, Jupiter, Magic Eden, Worldcoin, Bonk, MonkeDAO, VitaDAO, etc.

$CUDIS Token Exchanges Listed
• CEX: Binance Alpha, Bybit, Bitget, LBank
• DEX: PancakeSwap, Meteora

Social Media Links
• Official Website: www.cudis.xyz

• Twitter: x.com/cudiswellness
• Discord: discord.gg/cudis

D.5 Details of all natural or legal persons involved in the implementation of the crypto-asset project:

Name	Business Function	Business Address
Juzhou Chen	CEO	N/A

D.6 Utility Token Classification: true

D.7 Key Features of Goods/Services for Utility Token Projects:
The CUDIS ecosystem is built upon four core pillars:

CUDIS Wearable
The global adoption of wearable devices has surged, with over 1 billion units sold worldwide. CUDIS has already integrated with 70+ mainstream wearable brands. CUDIS brings 600 millions of wearable users on-chain to benefit from CUDIS protocol. Meanwhile, CUDIS also has its proprietary crypto wearable, CUDIS Ring, designed for the crypto native community for continuous biometric tracking, capturing real-time biomarkers such as heart rate variability, stress level, sleep patterns, and all the vitals that matter.

CUDIS Super App
The CUDIS Super App is an all-in-one longevity platform that enables users to seamlessly manage and consolidate their health data from multiple sources. It integrates with Apple Health, Google Health, Strava, MyFitnessPal, and other major health platforms, bringing all wellness insights into a single, intuitive interface for comprehensive health management. CUDIS Super App empowers users to track their healthspan, receive AI-driven coaching, access to curated longevity products, programs, and services, and participate in rewards-based longevity challenges.

CUDIS Data Network
CUDIS enables users to securely contribute their wellness data to its decentralized network, where partners can leverage it to develop DApps and longevity solutions within the CUDIS App. Using LDID (Longevity Decentralized Identifier), the platform ensures privacy protection while allowing seamless data sharing. At the core of the CUDIS Data Network are four key components: LDID, Data aggregator, CUDIS Datahub, and CUDIS Progressing Nodes. Together, they form a complete data lifecycle system—from collection and verification to transaction and value realization—delivering a secure, efficient, and privacy-focused data service for users. Partners can launch tokens, create liquidity pools (CUDIS/partner tokens, partner tokens/USDC), and reward users with airdrops and incentives for participation. Users earn CUDIS tokens by sharing data, engaging with applications, and supporting ecosystem growth. By integrating privacy, tokenized incentives, and an open development framework, CUDIS fosters a scalable,

user-driven longevity ecosystem that benefits all participants.

Longevity Hub
The Longevity Hub is a decentralized ecosystem that connects users, researchers, and longevity-focused projects. Integrated with the CUDIS Super App, it features a Longevity DApp Store, allowing partners to bring their DApps to the CUDIS community and launch new projects with token-based funding models.The Hub fosters a global community dedicated to extending human healthspan by providing access to the latest longevity research, funding opportunities, and innovative health products, programs, and services.

The CUDIS Token serves as the backbone of the entire ecosystem, powering data transactions, incentivizing participation, and facilitating the tokenization of trillions in digital health data assets over the coming decades. By creating a seamless and transparent mechanism for managing wellness data, the token ensures fair value distribution among all participants. This fosters a sustainable, user-centric longevity protocol, making health optimization both accessible and rewarding.

D.8 Plans for the token:
Major Milestones:
2023 - Idealization and Initial Development
2024 Q2 - Launched CUDIS 001 and beta launch of CUDIS App
2024 Q3 - Major Updates of CUDIS App & Expansion of Marketing Network
2024 Q4 - Launched CUDIS 002
2025 Q1 - In App wallet integration, launch of decentralized data marketplace (alpha)
2025 Q2 - $CUDIS TGE
2025 Q3
• $CUDIS stake for boosts, stake for ring launched.
• Select of premium product to be integrated into app, where $CUDIS staking will get you into access of these products.
• Longevity Hub Beta Release and token will be paired with other products to launch trading pair.
2025 Q4 - AI agent coach V2 where token will be used to train your own coach
2026 - Decentralized Governance where token stakers will be able to participate.

D.9 Resource Allocation: The project has ensure its financial resource (proceed from seed round fundraising, ring sale as well as public token sale) for the development, marketing, as well as operation of its hardware, software, and blockchain related business. As of July 2025, the dedicated team of 25 full-time and 5 part-time employees have been full committed to the development of the project.

D.10 Planned Use of Collected Funds or Crypto-Assets:
- Marketing Expansion
- Product reiteration
- Research and development
- Team compensation

E. Information about the Admission to Trading

E.1 Public Offering or Admission to trading: ATTR

E.2 Reasons for Public Offer or Admission to trading:
-Fundraising
-Expand reach and marketing
-Onboarding new community members and allow current members to trade

E.3 Fundraising Target: N/A

E.4 Minimum Subscription Goals: N/A

E.5 Maximum Subscription Goal: N/A

E.6 Oversubscription Acceptance: N/A

E.7 Oversubscription Allocation: N/A

E.8 Issue Price: N/A

E.9 Official currency or any other crypto- assets determining the issue price: N/A

E.10 Subscription fee: N/A

E.11 Offer Price Determination Method: N/A

E.12 Total Number of Offered/Traded Crypto- Assets: 1

E.13 Targeted Holders: ALL

E.14 Holder restrictions:
The CUDIS token is not being offered to the public through a public offering. Instead, it is intended to be admitted for trading on one or more MiCAR-compliant Crypto-Asset Service Providers (CASPs) within the European Union. Holders of CUDIS tokens must comply with all applicable regulations and requirements established by the relevant CASP(s) to be eligible to purchase and hold the token. These requirements will include, but are not limited to:
a. KYC/AML Compliance: Holders will be required to undergo Know Your Customer (KYC) and Anti-Money Laundering (AML) verification as mandated by the relevant CASP(s) and applicable regulations.
b. Eligibility Criteria: The relevant CASP(s) will have specific eligibility criteria for their users, which holders of BTV tokens must meet.
c. Geographic Restrictions: The relevant CASP(s) may enforce geographic restrictions in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

d. Other Requirements: Holders must adhere to any additional terms and conditions, trading rules, or other requirements established by the relevant CASP(s).

While Beatbit Inc. itself does not impose specific holder restrictions beyond regulatory compliance, prospective holders are advised that they will need to comply with the terms, conditions, and policies of any CASP through which they acquire or hold CUDIS tokens. Beatbit Inc. makes no representations or warranties regarding a user's eligibility to trade on any CASP. Eligibility is solely determined by the respective CASP(s).

E.16 Refund Mechanism: N/A

E.17 Refund Timeline: N/A

E.18 Offer Phases: N/A

E.19 Early Purchase Discount: N/A

E.20 Time-limited offer: N/A

E.21 Subscription period beginning: N/A

E.22 Subscription period end: N/A

E.23 Safeguarding Arrangements for Offered Funds/Crypto-Assets: N/A

E.24 Payment Methods for Crypto-Asset Purchase: Holders can trade CUDIS tokens on third-party crypto-assets service providers which will be the sole entities entitled to decide the methods of payment to purchase or sell CUDIS tokens (i.e. versus fiat currencies or other crypto-assets).

E.25 Value Transfer Methods for Reimbursement: CUDIS token holders are not entitled to be reimbursed by the issuer.

E.26 Right of Withdrawal: N/A

E.27 Transfer of Purchased Crypto-Assets: This whitepaper does not relate to a public offer of crypto-assets, but to their admission to trading.

E.28 Transfer Time Schedule: N/A

E.29 Purchaser's Technical Requirements: To hold CUDIS, a purchaser needs to directly manage a BEP-20 or SPL-20 compatible wallet and its private keys or have a third-party manage such a wallet and keys.

E.30 Crypto-asset service provider (CASP) name: N/A

E.31 CASP identifier: N/A

E.32 Placement form: N/A

E.33 Trading Platforms name: Kraken (PGSL)

E.34 Trading Platforms Market Identifier Code (MIC): PGSL

E.35 Trading Platforms Access: Trading platforms where the CUDIS tokens are sought to be admitted to trading have their own web addresses where users can register to benefit from their services. In respect of EU-regulated trading platforms, prior identification of users is required according to applicable AML / CFT regulation.

E.36 Involved costs: Costs for accessing third-party crypto-asset service provider platforms entirely depend on their commercial decisions and possibly subject to increases in the future.

E.37 Offer Expenses: N/A

E.38 Conflicts of Interest: N/A

E.39 Applicable law: Laws of Cayman Island

E.40 Competent court: The courts of Cayman Island

F. Information about the Crypto-Assets

F.1 Crypto-Asset Type:
The utility token $CUDIS is offered.
The CUDIS Token serves as the backbone of the entire ecosystem, powering data transactions, incentivizing participation, and facilitating the tokenization of trillions in digital health data assets over the coming decades. By creating a seamless and transparent mechanism for managing wellness data, the token ensures fair value distribution among all participants. This fosters a sustainable, user-centric longevity protocol, making health optimization both accessible and rewarding.

<u>Founding Team and Fundraising Info</u>
The founding team members come from top universities such as UCLA and UCB, and have worked for Google, Samsung, Microsoft, Binance, NextHealth, Nike, and Equinox before. They are serial entrepreneurs who have been in the crypto world since 2016 with successful exits.

<u>Funding Information</u>
CUDIS got grant from the SOLANA FOUNDATION and raised a seed round of $5mil in Sept 2024, led by the famous tech investing firm Draper Associate (early backer of SpaceX, Tesla, and more). Other investors include Skybridge Capital, Borderless Capital, MorningStar Ventures, NGC, Foresight Venture, SNZ, etc.

Key Metrics
• Rings sold and delivered - 20k+ with $6M Revenue
• App users - 200k+ from 103 countries
• Industry Partners: Solana, UCLA, Roger Dubuis, Lamborghini, Klarity Telehealth, Jupiter, Magic Eden, Worldcoin, Bonk, MonkeDAO, VitaDAO, etc.

F.2 Crypto-Asset Functionality:

Decentralized Governance

CUDIS token holders actively participate in decentralized governance, shaping key decisions within the ecosystem. Through community-driven voting, token holders influence adjustments to fee structures, feature integrations, and system upgrades. This governance model ensures long-term ecosystem stability, fairness, and continuous innovation, empowering the community to steer the evolution of CUDIS.

Access to Premium Longevity Products, Programs and Services

The CUDIS ecosystem offers a suite of premium health and longevity solutions, all accessible using CUDIS tokens:

- **Exclusive Data Management** – CUDIS tokens are the default settlement currency for secure data storage, privacy protection, and advanced management tools that offer complete control over their wellness data.
- **Personalized Health Solutions** – AI-driven health insights and longevity-based product recommendations help users make informed decisions tailored to their unique biology.
- **Top-Tier Longevity Services** – Through strategic partnerships, CUDIS token holders gain access to elite longevity clinics, expert consultations, and cutting-edge treatments.

Medium of Exchange

The CUDIS Token functions as the primary medium of exchange across the ecosystem, facilitating transactions and services:

- **Network Fees** – CUDIS tokens are used for data uploads, processing, and transactions, covering network operational costs and ensuring sustainability.
- **Default Access Currency** – All ecosystem services, including data access, AI-driven insights, and application interactions, require CUDIS tokens for seamless transactions.
- **Subdata Set Token Trading Pair** – CUDIS tokens serve as the base trading pair for subdata tokens, enhancing liquidity and enabling fractionalized ownership of high-value digital health assets.

Longevity Hub – Funding Innovation in Longevity & AI

The CUDIS Longevity Hub serves as a launchpad and funding platform for health, medical, AI, decentralized science (DeSci), and consumer longevity projects.

- **Seed Funding** – Early-stage projects can secure funding from the CUDIS Foundation and community, ensuring promising innovations receive financial backing.
- **Token Launch & Liquidity** – CUDIS supports projects by launching their tokens alongside our partner ecosystems, providing instant liquidity and enabling

revenue-sharing models.
- **Curating Innovative product, programs and services** – The Longevity Hub leverages CUDIS's active global community for early user adoption, product-market validation, ecosystem growth, and continuous support through token gated curations.

AI Agent Coach – Data-Driven Longevity Optimization
The CUDIS AI Agent Coach is an intelligent system that delivers personalized longevity insights and health planning through real-time analysis of user data.
- **Data-Driven Personalization** – Advanced AI continuously analyzes user biometrics, behavior patterns, and health records to deliver customized, scientifically-backed recommendations.
- **Real-Time Support** – AI Agents provide 24/7 guidance, helping users interpret health data, answer queries, and adapt their lifestyles for improved longevity.
- **Integrated Ecosystem Rewards** – Users are rewarded with CUDIS tokens for engaging with AI coaching, reinforcing positive health behaviors and increasing ecosystem participation.

F.3 Planned Application of Functionalities:
Major Milestones:

- **2023:** Idealization and Initial Development
- **2024 Q2:** Launched CUDIS 001 and beta launch of CUDIS App
- **2024 Q3:** Major Updates of CUDIS App & Expansion of Marketing Network
- **2024 Q4:** Launched CUDIS 002
- **2025 Q1:** In App wallet integration, launch of decentralized data market place
- **2025 Q2:** $CUDIS TGE
- **2025 Q3:**
  - $CUDIS stake for boosts, stake for ring launched.
  - Select of premium product to be integrated into app, where $CUDIS staking will get you into access of these products.
  - Longevity Hub Beta Release and token will be paired with other products to launch trading pair.
- **2025 Q4:** AI agent coach V2 where token will be used to train your own coach
- **2026:** Decentralized Governance.

F.4 Type of white paper: OTHR

F.5 The type of submission: NEWT

F.6 Crypto-Asset Characteristics: The CUDIS Token serves as the backbone of the entire ecosystem, powering data transactions, incentivizing participation, and facilitating the tokenization of trillions in digital health data assets over the coming decades. By creating a seamless and transparent mechanism for managing wellness data, the token ensures fair value distribution among all participants. This fosters a sustainable, user-centric longevity protocol, making health optimization both accessible and rewarding. The $CUDIS Token has a total supply of 1 billion.

Tokenomics Breakdown:

- **Community:** 25% allocation, 40% unlocks at TGE, linear vesting over 24 months
- **Ecosystem:** 15% allocation, 5% unlocks at TGE, linear vesting over 24 months
- **Marketing and Partnership:** 8.13% allocation, 100% unlocks at TGE
- **Liquidity:** 5.87% allocation, 100% unlocks at TGE
- **Team:** 15% allocation, 12-month cliff, linear vesting over 48 months
- **Advisors:** 5% allocation, 12-month cliff, linear vesting over 24 months
- **Treasury:** 9% allocation, 12-month cliff, linear vesting over 36 months
- **Investors:** 17% allocation, 12-month cliff, linear vesting over 36 months

F.7 Commercial name or trading name: CUDIS

F.8 Website of the issuer: cudis.xyz

F.9 Starting date of offer to the public or admission to trading: 2025-08-10 (tentative)

F.10 Publication date: 2025-08-29

F.11 Any other services provided by the issuer: N/A

F.12 Language or languages of the white paper: English

F.13 Digital Token Identifier Code used to uniquely identify the crypto-asset or each of the several crypto assets to which the white paper relates, where available: N/A

F.14 Functionally Fungible Group Digital Token Identifier, where available: N/A

F.15 Voluntary data flag: false

F.16 Personal data flag: false

F.17 LEI eligibility: true

F.18 Home Member State: IE

F.19 Host Member States: AT, BE, BG, HR, CY, CZ, DK, EE, FI, FR, DE, EL, HU, IE, IT, LV, LT, LU, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SK, SI, ES, SE

G. Information on the rights and obligations attached to the crypto-assets

G.1 Purchaser Rights and Obligations: Purchasers have no additional rights and obligations other than ownership of the crypto-asset.

G.2 Exercise of Rights and obligations: N/A

G.3 Conditions for modifications of rights and obligations: Beatbit Inc. is not able to modify any rights and obligations of the CUDIS Token.

G.4 Future Public Offers: Public offers of the crypto-asset are currently not being contemplated.

G.5 Issuer Retained Crypto-Assets: 150000000

G.6 Utility Token Classification: true

G.7 Key Features of Goods/Services of Utility Tokens:
Decentralized Governance
CUDIS token holders actively participate in decentralized governance, shaping key decisions within the ecosystem. Through community-driven voting, token holders influence adjustments to fee structures, feature integrations, and system upgrades. This governance model ensures long-term ecosystem stability, fairness, and continuous innovation, empowering the community to steer the evolution of CUDIS.
Access to Premium Longevity Products, Programs and Services
The CUDIS ecosystem offers a suite of premium health and longevity solutions, all accessible using CUDIS tokens:
Exclusive Data Management
CUDIS tokens are the default settlement currency for secure data storage, privacy protection, and advanced management tools that offer complete control over their wellness data.
Personalized Health Solutions
AI-driven health insights and longevity-based product recommendations help users make informed decisions tailored to their unique biology.
Top-Tier Longevity Services
Through strategic partnerships, CUDIS token holders gain access to elite longevity clinics, expert consultations, and cutting-edge treatments.
Medium of Exchange
The CUDIS Token functions as the primary medium of exchange across the ecosystem,

facilitating transactions and services:
Network Fees
CUDIS tokens are used for data uploads, processing, and transactions, covering network operational costs and ensuring sustainability.
Default Access Currency
All ecosystem services, including data access, AI-driven insights, and application interactions, require CUDIS tokens for seamless transactions.
Subdata Set Token Trading Pair
CUDIS tokens serve as the base trading pair for subdata tokens, enhancing liquidity and enabling fractionalized ownership of high-value digital health assets.
Longevity Hub
The CUDIS Longevity Hub serves as a launchpad and funding platform for health, medical, AI, decentralized science (DeSci), and consumer longevity projects.
Seed Funding
Early-stage projects can secure funding from the CUDIS Foundation and community, ensuring promising innovations receive financial backing.
Token Launch & Liquidity
CUDIS supports projects by launching their tokens alongside our partner ecosystems, providing instant liquidity and enabling revenue-sharing models.
Curating Innovative product, programs and services
The Longevity Hub leverages CUDIS's active global community for early user adoption, product-market validation, ecosystem growth, and continuous support through token gated curations.
AI Agent Coach
The CUDIS AI Agent Coach is an intelligent system that delivers personalized longevity insights and health planning through real-time analysis of user data.
Data-Driven Personalization
Advanced AI continuously analyzes user biometrics, behavior patterns, and health records to deliver customized, scientifically-backed recommendations.
Real-Time Support
AI Agents provide 24/7 guidance, helping users interpret health data, answer queries, and adapt their lifestyles for improved longevity.
Integrated Ecosystem Rewards
Users are rewarded with CUDIS tokens for engaging with AI coaching, reinforcing positive health behaviors and increasing ecosystem participation.

G.8 Utility Tokens Redemption: The utilities associated with the CUDIS tokens can be used by the holders of CUDIS tokens accessing the CUDIS website, and subsequently using the CUDIS tokens to stake or for other priviledges.

G.9 Non-Trading request: true

G.10 Crypto-Assets purchase or sale modalities: N/A

G.11 Crypto-Assets Transfer Restrictions: No restrictions

G.12 Supply Adjustment Protocols: false

G.13 Supply Adjustment Mechanisms: N/A

G.14 Token Value Protection Schemes: false

G.15 Token Value Protection Schemes Description: N/A

G.16 Compensation Schemes: false

G.17 Compensation Schemes Description: N/A

G.18 Applicable law: Laws of Cayman Island

G.19 Competent court: Courts of Cayman Island

H. Information on the Underlying Technology

H.1 Distributed ledger technology: The CUDIS Token is a digital asset built upon two distinct blockchain networks: the BNB Chain, where it adheres to the BEP-20 token standard, and the Solana blockchain, where it conforms to the SPL-20 token standard. This dual-chain implementation enhances the token's interoperability and accessibility across different decentralized ecosystems.

H.2 Protocols and technical standards: The token operates under the BEP-20 protocol on the BNB Chain and the SPL-20 protocol on the Solana chain. These technical standards define the rules for token creation, transactions, and management on their respective blockchains, ensuring compatibility with a wide range of wallets, exchanges, and decentralized applications (dApps).

H.3 Technology Used: N/A

H.4 Consensus Mechanism: The BNB Chain utilizes a Proof-of-Staked-Authority (PoSA) consensus mechanism, where a limited set of validators are chosen based on their staked assets to secure the network. In contrast, the Solana chain employs a Proof-of-History (PoH) timing mechanism in conjunction with Proof-of-Stake (PoS) to achieve high transaction speeds and network security.

H.5 Incentive Mechanisms and Applicable Fees: On both the BNB and Solana chains, network validators are rewarded for their role in securing the network and processing transactions. Their primary incentive comes from collecting transaction fees from the blocks they successfully validate and add to the blockchain.

H.6 Use of Distributed Ledger Technology: false

H.7 DLT Functionality Description: Not operated

H.8 Audit: true

H.9 Audit outcome: The Audit is done in June 2025.

The outcome of the technology audit over the CUDIS token was that the audit reviewed all aspects related to the compatibility of the BEP20/SPL specification and other known BEP20/SPL20 pitfalls/vulnerabilities and no major or minor issues were identified.

I. Information on Risks

I.1 Offer-Related Risks:
The CUDIS tokens will be admitted to trading on trading platform operated by crypto-asset service providers. The below contains an non-exhaustive list of offer-related risks:
a) Third-Party Risk: If crypto assets are approved for trading on third-party platforms, holders of CUDIS may be subject to the terms and conditions of such trading platforms. If CUDIS is delisted from such trading platforms, the liquidity and value of CUDIS may be adversely affected. Once delisted, CUDIS becomes inaccessible to users of those trading platforms, limiting the number of potential buyers and sellers of CUDIS. With fewer active trading platforms where CUDIS can be traded (and fewer potential buyers and sellers), price discovery for CUDIS becomes inefficient, resulting in wider spreads and increased slippage which may lead to potential losses to CUDIS holders. In addition, operational disruptions to the trading platforms could affect the ability to buy or sell CUDIS in a timely manner, which could further undermine its value. Examples of such operational disruptions include system outages due to hardware failure, software vulnerabilities, or cyberattacks (e.g. DDoS).

I.2 Issuer-Related Risks: N/A

I.3 Crypto-Assets-related Risks:
The following risks are associated with the CUDIS token:
a) Technology Management Risks: Inadequate management of technological updates or failure to keep pace with technological advancements can render a crypto-asset, or the project it is connected to, obsolete or vulnerable to security risks.
b) BNB Chain and Solana Risks: CUDIS tokens are transacted on BNB Chain and Solana, which, similarly to other blockchains, may be subject to technical vulnerabilities and be exposed to attacks (i.e. for example 51% attacks and creation of untrue forks) that could potentially undermine the transactions being processed or alter the history of transactions.
c) Smart Contract Risks: CUDIS tokens will be used in conjunction with smart contracts. Smart contracts may be exposed to technical vulnerabilities and exploitations that could lead to losses for holders.
d) Loss of access to CUDIS Tokens: The secure management of private keys is crucial for accessing cryptocurrencies. To reduce the risk of loss, users should rely on reputable wallets and trusted custody services.

I.4 Project Implementation-Related Risks: Beatbit Inc., the issuer of CUDIS tokens, is subject to several risks that could impact the stability and reliability of CUDIS tokens. Beatbit Inc., the issuer of CUDIS tokens, is subject to several risks that could impact the

stability and reliability of CUDIS tokens.
a) Regulatory Compliance Risks: Crypto asset issuers must follow various regulations in different jurisdictions. Non-compliance may lead to fines, sanctions, or bans on the offering, affecting its success and market acceptance.
b) Operational Risks: These involve the issuer's internal processes, personnel, and technologies that impact crypto-asset operations. Failures can cause disruptions, financial losses, or reputational damage. The issuer will outline any potential future operational improvements or changes, and the timeline for implementing any updates if they are expected to occur at a later date.
c) Financial Risks: The issuer is exposed to liquidity, credit and market risks that may affect its operations, obligations or the stability and value of the crypto asset. Changes in financial conditions, including operating costs and market dynamics, could affect the issuer's ability to sustain its operations and meet its financial obligations.
d) Legal Risks: Legal uncertainties, potential litigation, or adverse judicial rulings can present considerable risks to issuers. Legal challenges may impact the legality, usability, or value of a crypto-asset.
e) Reputational Risks: Negative publicity, whether due to operational failures, security breaches, or association with illicit activities, can damage the issuer's reputation and, by extension, the value and acceptance of the crypto-asset.
f) Dependency on Key Individuals: The success of some crypto projects can be highly dependent on the expertise and leadership of key individuals. Loss or changes in the project's leadership can lead to disruptions, loss of trust, or project failure. Conflicts of Interest: If the issuer's interests do not align with those of the crypto asset holders, risks arise and potentially leading to decisions that are not in the best interests of the asset holders, impacting the value of a crypto-asset or damage the credibility of the project.
g) Counterparty Risks: Risks associated with the issuer's partners, suppliers, or collaborators, including the potential for non-fulfilment of obligations that can affect the issuer's operations.

I.5 Technology-Related Risks:

The following technology-related risks have been identified:
a) Risk related to Private Keys: The security of crypto-assets depends on private key management, which is essential for accessing and controlling the assets (e.g., initiating transactions). Inadequate management practices, or the loss or theft of private keys or their credentials, can result in the permanent loss of access to crypto-assets.
b) Cyber Security Risks: Blockchain networks can be exposed to various cyber-attacks, such as 51% attacks, where an entity gains control of the majority of the network's consensus, Sybil attacks (i.e. an attack where an attacker creates multiple fake identities or nodes in a network to gain disproportionate influence or disrupt consensus, or DDoS attacks (i.e. an attack causing a network to be overwhelmed with excessive traffic from multiple sources, making it slow or unavailable to legitimate users). These incidents may disrupt the network's operations and impact data integrity, influencing its security and reliability.
c) Scalability: As the number of users and transactions grows, a blockchain network may face scaling challenges. This could lead to increased transaction fees and slower

transaction processing times, affecting usability and costs.
d) Reliance on Underlying Technology: Blockchain technology is dependent on foundational infrastructures, including specific hardware (including but not limited to network servers) and network connectivity (including but not limited to internet connectivity). These components may be susceptible to attacks, outages, or other interferences.
e) Settlement and Transaction Finality: A blockchain's settlement is designed to be probabilistic, meaning there is no absolute guaranteed finality for a transaction. There is a risk that a transaction could be reversed or multiple versions of the ledger could persist due to circumstances such as forks or consensus errors. The risk decreases as more blocks are added, making it more secure over time. Under normal circumstances, however, once a transaction is confirmed, it cannot be reversed or cancelled. Crypto-assets sent to an incorrect address cannot be retrieved, resulting in the loss of those crypto assets.
f) Economic Self-sufficiency and Operational Parameters: A blockchain network needs to handle enough transactions to remain sustainable and economically viable. If it fails to reach this level of activity, it may struggle to stay secure or relevant. This could lead to changes in how the network operates, such as adjustments to transaction fees, reward systems, governance rules, or technical settings like the size and timing of new blocks.
g) Consensus Failures or Forks: Faults in the consensus mechanism can lead to forks, where multiple versions of the ledger coexist, or network halts, potentially destabilizing the network and reducing trust among participants. This could lead to CUDIS tokens losing their utility either temporarily or permanently.
h) Protocol Vulnerabilities: Even with thorough testing, there is always a risk that unknown bugs may exist in a blockchain protocol, which could be exploited to disrupt network operations or manipulate account balances. Also, bugs or vulnerabilities in smart contract code can expose blockchain networks to potential hacks and exploits. Any flaw in the code can lead to unintended consequences, such as the loss of crypto-assets or unauthorized access to sensitive data.
i) Technological Disruption Risk: Advances in technology or the development of new technologies could render blockchain systems, or their components, insecure or obsolete. An example of such advances are the development of quantum computing which may pose a threat to existing cryptographic technology used to secure blockchains by compromising the security of wallets, signatures and transaction histories. This may result in the theft or loss of crypto-assets or compromise the integrity of data within the network.
j) Governance Risk: Governance in blockchain technology (including the BNB Smart Chain) involves the processes for making decisions about network changes and protocol upgrades. Ineffective governance models can result in poor decision-making, delayed responses to issues, and potential network forks, which could affect stability and integrity. Additionally, there is a risk of disproportionate influence by a group of stakeholders, leading to centralized power and decisions that may not reflect the interests of the broader public. This may negatively impact the holders of CUDIS tokens

and may even lead to CUDIS tokens having no purpose.
k) Privacy Risk: The inherent transparency and immutability of blockchain technology can present challenges to user anonymity and privacy. As all transactions are publicly recorded on the blockchain, there exists a potential risk for the exposure of sensitive data. The ability of the public to link certain transactions to specific addresses may result in vulnerabilities such as phishing attacks, fraud, or other malicious activities.
l) Data Corruption Risk: Corruption of blockchain data, whether through software bugs, human error, or malicious tampering, can undermine the reliability and accuracy of the system. As a result of such corruption of blockchain data, holders may lose all or part of their CUDIS tokens.
m) Third-Party Risks: Crypto-assets depend on exchanges and wallet providers for trading and storage. These platforms can face security breaches, operational failures, and regulatory issues, risking loss or theft of crypto-assets.

I.6 Mitigation measures:

• Bug Bounty program: The project runs a public bug bounty program which fosters ongoing platform refinement by incentivizing experts and ethical hackers to uncover and report system vulnerabilities. Under this bug bounty program, experts and ethical hackers who have successfully identified system vulnerabilities will receive financial rewards.
• Comprehensive security audits: The project team conducts security audits for all smart contract codes before they are deployed. These evaluations are performed by third-party security experts proficient in blockchain technology, which provide a level of assurance over the security of the CUDIS Ecosystem.

J. Information on the sustainability indicators in relation to adverse impact on the climate and other environment-related adverse impacts

S.1 Name: BeatBit Inc.

S.2 Relevant legal entity identifier: N/A

S.3 Name of the crypto-asset: CUDIS

S.4 Consensus Mechanism: The BNB Chain utilizes a Proof-of-Staked-Authority (PoSA) consensus mechanism, where a limited set of validators are chosen based on their staked assets to secure the network. In contrast, the Solana chain employs a Proof-of-History (PoH) timing mechanism in conjunction with Proof-of-Stake (PoS) to achieve high transaction speeds and network security.

S.5 Incentive Mechanisms and Applicable Fees: On both the BNB and Solana chains, network validators are rewarded for their role in securing the network and processing transactions. Their primary incentive comes from collecting transaction fees from the blocks they successfully validate and add to the blockchain.

S.6 Beginning of the period to which the disclosure relates: 2023-12-31

S.7 End of the period to which the disclosure relates: 2024-09-03

S.8 Energy consumption: 1000-2000kWh

S.9 Energy consumption sources and methodologies:

Total Energy Usage for Validation and Ledger Integrity (Estimated): As CUDIS operates on third-party public blockchains the project itself does not maintain or validate its own distributed ledger and therefore does not consume energy directly for transaction validation.

However, estimated annual energy usage based on the networks used:

- Solana: 0.00051 kWh per transaction (PoH)
- BNB Chain: 0.000008 kWh per transaction (PoSA)

Total energy consumption: 1000-2000 kWh

The methodology involves calculating the average energy consumed per transaction on Solana and Binance Smart Chain and extrapolating that figure across an approximate volume of 3,000,000 transactions for the purpose of MiCA-related disclosures. The total estimated yearly energy usage on across Solana and BNB Chain is approximately 1000-2000 kWh.